

STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

Section/item	Item No	Recommendation	Reported on Page Number/Line Number	Reported on Section/Paragraph
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	Page2/Line44-47	abstract/Paragraph2
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	Page2/Line65-68	abstract/Paragraph4
Introduction				
Background/ rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	Page2/Line80-85	introduction/Paragraph2
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	Page3/Line105-107	introduction/Paragraph4
Methods				
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	Page4/Line112-114	methods/Paragraph1
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	Page4/Line112-124	methods/Paragraph1
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up Case-control study —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls Cross-sectional study —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants	Page4/Line114-120 Page4/Line130-133	methods/Paragraph1 methods/Paragraph3
		(b) Cohort study —For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed Case-control study —For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case	Page5/Line139-142	methods/Paragraph4
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	Page4/Line129-135	methods/Paragraph3
Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	Page4/Line129-130 Page4/Line133-135	methods/Paragraph4
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	Page4/Line124-126	methods/Paragraph1
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	Page5/Line153-155	result/Paragraph1
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	Page5/Line139-142	methods/Paragraph4

Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	Page5/Line138-149	methods/Paragraph4
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	Page5/Line142-145	methods/Paragraph4
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	Page5/Line155-158	result/Paragraph1
		(d) Cohort study —If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case-control study —If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed Cross-sectional study —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy	Page5/Line155-158	result/Paragraph1
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	Page5/Line145	methods/Paragraph4
Results				
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	Page5/Line153-158	result/Paragraph1
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	Page5/Line153-158	result/Paragraph1
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	Page5/Line153-158	result/Paragraph1
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	table1	table1
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	Page5/Line155-158	result/Paragraph1
		(c) Cohort study —Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	Page6/Line181-182	result/Paragraph3
Outcome data	15*	Cohort study —Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	Page6/Line182-184	result/Paragraph3
		Case-control study —Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure		
		Cross-sectional study —Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures		
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	Page6/Line191-195	result/Paragraph3
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	Page5/Line160-161	result/Paragraph1
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period	Page6/Line184-188	result/Paragraph3
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	Page6/Line195-203	result/Paragraph3
Discussion				
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	Page6/Line216-220	discussion/Paragraph1
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	Page8/Line264-273	discussion/Paragraph4

Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	Page8/Line235-263	discussion/Paragraph3
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	Page8/Line253-254	discussion/Paragraph3
Other information				
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	Page9/Line287-288	Acknowledgments/Paragraph1

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at <http://www.plosmedicine.org/>, Annals of Internal Medicine at <http://www.annals.org/>, and Epidemiology at <http://www.epidem.com/>). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.

Article Information: <http://dx.doi.org/10.21037/jtd-20-2137>

*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number/line number reported may be changed due to copyediting and may not be referable in the published version. In this case, the section/paragraph may be used as an alternative reference.